

## FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.

[Ch. 2.]

## CHAPTER 2.

**FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.**  
REGULATION BY GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION.

(H. B. No. 4, by Messrs. Sweet, Norvell, Hicks and  
Senator Hayden.)

**AN ACT**

IN RELATION TO FIRE ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

*Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: "*

When Gov-  
ernor finds  
riot, insurrec-  
tion or inva-  
sion, may so  
declare by  
proclamation.

Prohibiting  
use, disposi-  
tion, etc., of  
firearms and  
ammunition.

What acts for-  
bidden.

Section 1. Whenever in the opinion of the Governor a condition of riot, insurrection or invasion exists in this state, or in any county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts in this state, he shall have the right to declare the state or any such county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts, to be in a state of riot, or insurrection, or invasion, by proclamation, and to prohibit the purchase, manufacture for sale or use, receiving, carrying or use, or the selling, giving away, transportation, or otherwise disposing of, or the permitting of others to obtain possession of, any fire arms or ammunition in the places covered by said proclamation or in any other portion of the state designated by him during the time that said proclamation remains in force.

Section 2. If the governor shall at any time issue his proclamation as provided in section one of this act, declaring the state, or any county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts within the state to be in a state of riot, or insurrection, or invasion, it shall be unlawful while said proclamation is in force, for any person, firm or corporation within the territory covered by said proclamation to purchase, manufacture for sale or use, receive, transport, carry or use, any fire

arm or ammunition, or to sell, give away, or otherwise dispose of, or permit others to obtain possession of any fire arm or ammunition, without a written permit from the Governor or his regularly authorized representative, first had and obtained, and no such permit shall be issued by the Governor or such representative unless and until the person so desiring such permit shall satisfy the Governor or such representative that the same is to be used in defense of his home, person or property; Provided, that this section shall not apply to legally authorized peace officers, or sheriffs, designated by the Governor or such representative, or members of the National Guard of Colorado. And provided further that no permit shall be issued to allow the purchase, manufacture for sale or use, receipt, use, transportation or disposing of fire arms or ammunition by anyone not a citizen of the United States or to anyone who has not been a resident of the State of Colorado for more than one year prior to the issuance of the proclamation mentioned in Section 1 hereof.

Section 3. Nothing in this act shall be construed so as to call in question the right of any person to keep and bear arms in the defense of his home, person, or property, or in aid of the civil power when thereto legally summoned.

Section 4. Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of section two hereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 5. In the opinion of the General Assembly this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety.

Approved: May—16—1914 at 2:45 o'clock P. M.

Right to bear arms under written permit.

To whom permit may be issued.  
Who is exempt.

Must be U. S. citizens and also residents of Colorado more than one year.

Constitutional rights preserved.

Penalty.

Safety clause.

## HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6.

INVESTIGATION OF THE PERSONS CONCERNED IN THE COAL  
STRIKE OF 1913-14.

(By Mr. Biles.)

WHEREAS, The present industrial strife suggests the inquiry whether among the factors responsible for it are not some which are fundamentally hostile to the very existence of constitutional government in the commonwealth and in the country at large.

BE IT RESOLVED, That the Joint Committee elected by the Senate and the House under the provisions of S. J. R. No. 6 shall constitute a joint committee to ascertain by all proper means:

1. The names of the leaders, high and low, who have been in charge of the coal strike of 1913-1914, their nationality and their former occupations.

2. The names of all those who are or have been participants in said strike, their nationality, present and former occupations, also as to what countries they are and have been subjects or citizens of; how many of them are unable to speak and understand the English language, how many have taken part in insurrections, wars, lawlessness or violence in this country or elsewhere, and what has been their attitude toward the violence committed during said strike and toward the laws, constitutions and governments of the countries and states in which they have resided or sojourned.

3. The corresponding data in reference to those who, on the side opposed to the strikers, were connected with the violence committed during the aforesaid strike.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That said committee is hereby granted full authority to examine into, investigate and report upon the matters hereinbefore mentioned, with power to subpoena and compel the attendance before it of witnesses without the payment of fees in advance; that the committee report to the present session of the legislature, or, if not in session, report to the Governor and Attorney General.

Approved May 16—1914 at 3 o'clock P. M.

CHAPTER 4.

INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

REGULATION BY GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION.

(S. B. No. 2, by Senator Tobin, Mrs. Lee, Mrs. Riddle, Mr. Young, Mr. Ardourel.)

AN ACT

IN RELATION TO INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

*Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:*

Section 1. Whenever in the opinion of the Governor, a condition of riot, insurrection or invasion exists in this State, or in any county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts in this State, he is hereby authorized by proclamation to declare the State or such county or counties, city or cities, town or towns, district or districts to be in a state of riot or insurrection or invasion, and to order all places where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, to be closed, and all persons to be excluded therefrom, and to prohibit the purchase or receiving or the selling, giving away or otherwise disposing of, or permitting of others to obtain possession of, any intoxicating liquors of any kind or in any quantity in the territory covered by said proclamation during the time that said proclamation remains in force.

When governor finds riot, insurrection or invasion, may so declare by proclamation.

Closing saloons, etc.

Prohibiting sale of liquor.

Section 2. During the time that any such proclamation as is mentioned in Section 1 hereof shall remain in force, it shall be unlawful for the proprietor, manager or person having custody or control of any place where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, to permit such place to be open or to permit any person therein, or for any person, firm or corporation within the territory affected by said proclamation to purchase or receive, or

What acts forbidden.

to sell, give away, or otherwise dispose of, or to permit others to obtain possession of, any intoxicating liquor of any kind or in any quantity.

License shall stand suspended.

License may be extended by issuing power.

Local option laws not affected.

Penalty by fine and imprisonment.

Forfeiture of license.

Local officers must enforce proclamation.

May use and summon necessary force.

Safety clause.

Section 3. During the time that any such proclamation mentioned in Section 1 hereof shall remain in force, the operation of any license granted by any county, city, town, or district in this State, to any person, firm or corporation, whose place has been ordered closed, shall stand suspended and be inoperative, but the term of such license of all places of business that are so closed for more than one week may be extended by the authority granting the same so that the licensee thereunder shall be permitted to operate the full time of the original term of such license. Nothing herein shall be construed as interfering with the operation of the prohibition or local option laws of the State.

Section 4. Any person, firm or corporation, violating any of the provisions of Section 2 hereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum not less than One Hundred Dollars and not exceeding One Thousand Dollars or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or shall suffer both such fine and imprisonment; and each and every license for the sale of intoxicating liquors granted by any town, city, county, city and county, or the State, held by any and all persons, firms or corporations so convicted shall be immediately and automatically cancelled and for naught held.

Section 5. Upon the issuance of such proclamation, it shall be the duty of all sheriffs, mayors of cities and towns, marshalls and chiefs of police, to cause all places within the territory covered by such proclamation where intoxicating liquors are sold or kept for sale, to be closed forthwith, and to remain closed and all persons excluded therefrom during the time that such proclamation shall remain in force. Each of said officers is hereby authorized and empowered to use such force as may be necessary and to call to his assistance any person or persons for the purpose of compelling compliance with the provisions of this Act.

Section 6. In the opinion of the General Assembly this Act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety.

Section 7. In the opinion of the General Assembly an emergency exists; therefore, this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage. Emergency clause.

Approved.

J. H. SLATTERY,

Speaker of the House.

STEPHEN R. FITZGARRALD,

President of the Senate.

ELIAS M. AMMONS,

Governor of the State of Colorado.